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Trouble shouting VM- engine

42- 46

You will find further information about the VM- engine in the sections:

09.01 VM- Engine maintenance

09.0.3 Fehlerliste VM- Motor R754EU6

09.0.4 Error codes ECU- VM- engine

09.0.5 Error codes ACU (SCR- Sytem, DEF-AdBlue)

09.0.6 OP- Manual VM- Motor R754EU6, EN, FR, IT

09.0.7 Tightening torques VM- Engine

09.0.8 Tensioning or replacing the radiator V- belt

09.0.9 VM- Engine training with detailed discription of components

And the folder VM- Engine - Diagnosis

**Note: It is imperative that the VM diagnosis software and the VM documentation for the VM R754EU6 engine are available when carrying out diagnosis and repair work at the VM- engine!**

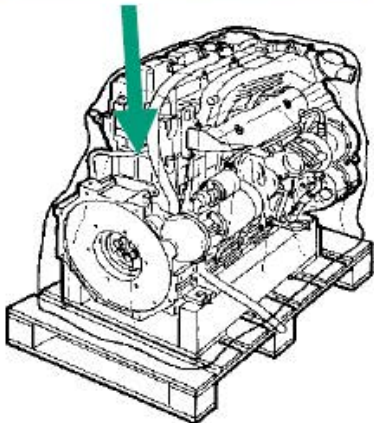
Engine- Number

<b>VM MOTORI S.p.A.</b> 44042 CENTO (Ferrara) - Made in Italy	
MATRICOLA SERIAL	*56CXXXX*
MOTORE TIPO ENG. TYPE	56C/3
FAMIGLIA ENG. FAMILY	56C
VERSIONE ENG. VERSION	
MODELLO ENG. MODEL	R754EU4
( MIL-1-2184E, API CG-4, ACEA-40 E7 ) 	

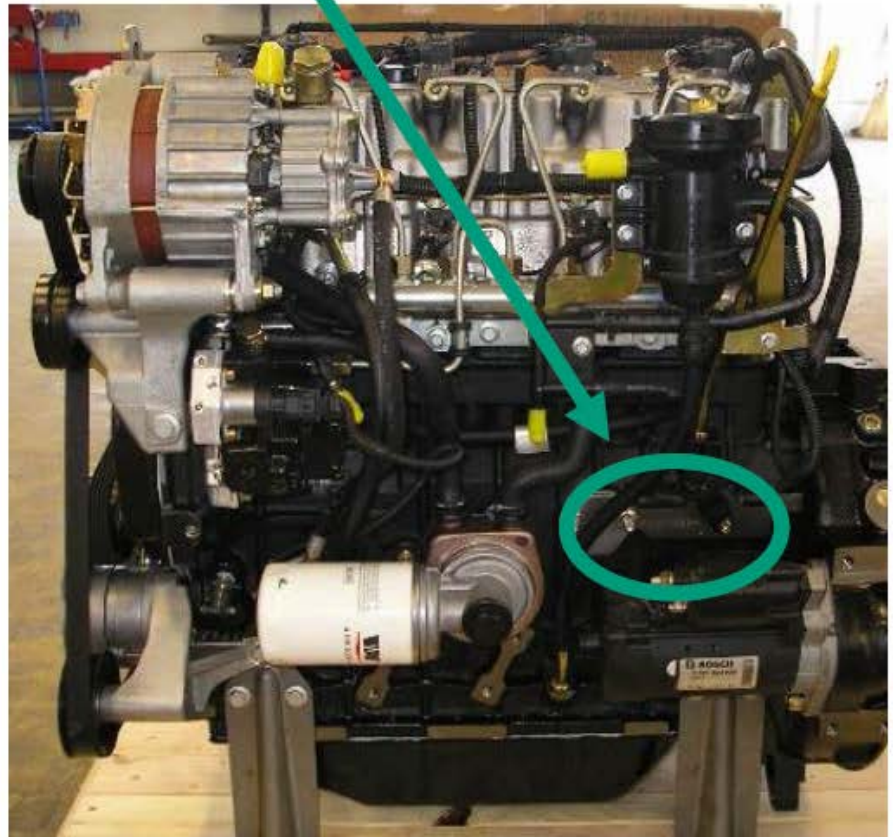
SERIENNUMMER  
56CXXXXX 5-stellige Seriennummer

SONDEREINSTELLUNGEN  
56C/3 Bsp. „/3“ = 2'600 min-1

MOTORENFAMILIE  
56C Motorenfamilie



\*56C XXXXX\* oder \*60D XXXXX\*



R754EU4 = 56C 00000

R754EU6 = 60D 00000

VM- Motor R754 EU6  
VM- Engine R754 EU6



Engine Control Unit A1 (ECU)



ECU-Teilenummer

Software-Kalibration

Software Calibration

ECU Part Number



IMA-Code

Motor-Seriennummer

Engine- Number

IMA- Code Injektors



Bosch-Etikette

Bosch Code

Technical data and equipment

**VM R754EU6, 4 cylinder, 3.0 litre displacement**

Salient characteristics

- Common rail injection (C.R.)
- Through cylinder head
- Turbocharger and charge air cooler
- Poly-V belt drive
- 2 valves per cylinder
- Cooled external exhaust gas recirculation
- Particulate filter with upstream oxidation catalytic converter
- SCR technology
- Euro 6 homologation





## Technical data and equipment

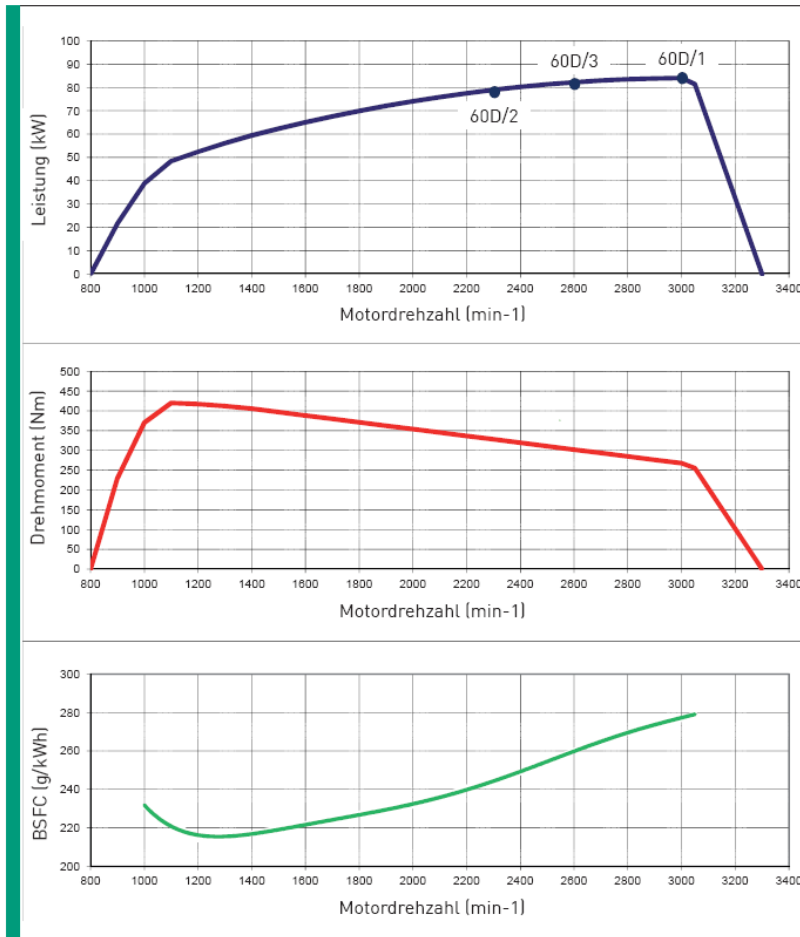
Engine manufacturer		VM
Type of engine		R754 EU6
Number of cylinders		4
Displacement	ccm	2970
Power	KW bei 1/Min	80 KW bei 2600
Engine rpm	1/ Min	max. 2700
Torque	Nm	420 Nm bei 1100 1/min
Engine oil fill capacity with oil filter	Litre	9.5L (8.7kg) ACEA E6/ E9 oder API CJ-4
Coolant fill capacity	Litre	10
Compression ratio		17.5 +/- 0.5 : 1
Valves per cylinder		2
Ignition sequence		1-3-4-2 (cylinder 1 at the timing side)

## Technical data and equipment

Motoröldruck	At 800 rpm and an oil temperature of 80°C	Minimum of 1 bar
Compression	bar	25- 30
Compression	bar	19 (wear limit)
Compression Permissible difference between all cylinders	bar	5 Permissible difference between all cylinders
Exhaust gas limits according to Euro standard		EU 6
DOC + Partikelfilter (DPF)		Yes
SCR- System		Yes
Exhaust gas recirculation		Yes
Charging (Turbocharger)		Yes
Charge air cooling		Yes

Power and Torque Curves

LEISTUNGSKURVE



Leistung nach 50 Stunden Einlaufzeit, Nutzleistung gemäss ECE R120/R24, Toleranz +/- 5 %,  
Version 14.02.2014.00, Änderungen vorbehalten

HOMOLOGATION

EC 595/2009 EURO 6

LEISTUNG

80 kW (109 PS) bei 2600 min-1

MAX. DREHMOMENT

420 Nm bei 1100 min-1

Homologation

EC 595/2009 Euro 6

Power

80 kW (109 hp) with 2600 min-1

Max. Torque

420 Nm with 1100 min-1



## Explanation of technical abbreviations

ECU = Engine Control Unit (A1)

Motorsteuergerät A1 (ECU)

ACU = After Treatment Control Unit

Abgasnachbehandlung- Kontrolleinheit Steuergerät

ATS = After Treatment System

Abgas Nachbehandlungssystem

DCU = Dosing Control Unit (Adblue)

Dosier- Kontrolleinheit (Steuergerät Adblue)

DEF = Diesel Exhaust Fluid (Adblue)

Diesel Abgas Flüssigkeit (z.B. Adblue)

DOC = Diesel Oxidation Catalyst (before DPF)

Diesel- Oxidationskatalysator (vor dem DPF)

DPF = Diesel Particulate Filter

Diesel- Partikelfilter

DWS = Driver Warning System

Fahrer Warnsystem

FDS = Fluid Delivery System for DEF

Fördersystem DEF (AdBlue)

NOX = Oxides of Nitrogen

Stickoxide

SCR = Selective Catalyst Reduction

Selektive katalytische Reduktion

VM- Motor- Diagnose- Kopie der Fehlereinträge abspeichern

Before each engine maintenance:

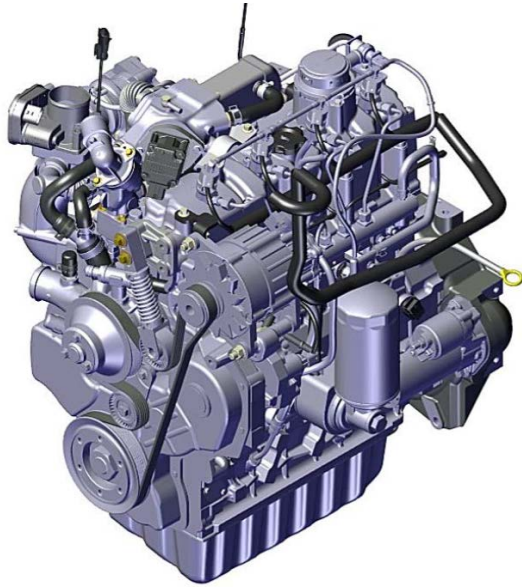
Be means of the VM- Diagnosis read out the error mememory of the engine control unit. Stop existing errors.)

If error codes are existing save a copy (log file). Create a new file (VW diagnosis) on the hard disc C. You need a copy with the error codes for warranty claims before and after the repair. You have to enclose these copies to the guarantee claim. If you send guarantee claims via E-Mail, enclose these copies as log files.

Check the load condition of the particulate filter. If the load limit is reached, a service regeneration of the particulate filter (DPF) has to be done.

Execute the service regeneration before maintenance and before the motor oil change, because at every regeneration of the particulate filter diesel gets into the motor oil and dilutes the motor oil.

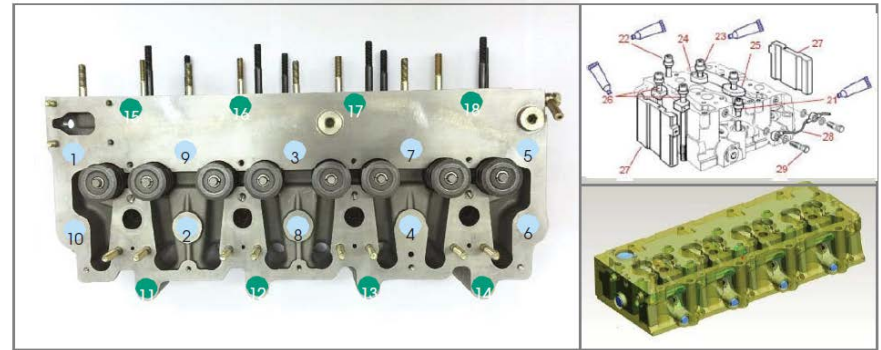
Engine Main Components- Cylinder Head- Hydraulic Tappets (Valve)



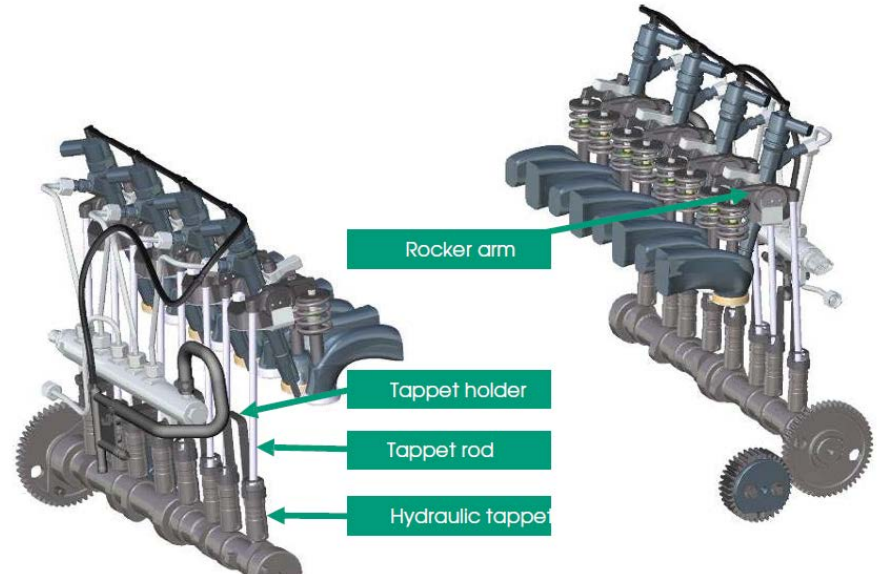
**R750EU6**

- Two valves per cylinder
- Through cylinder head

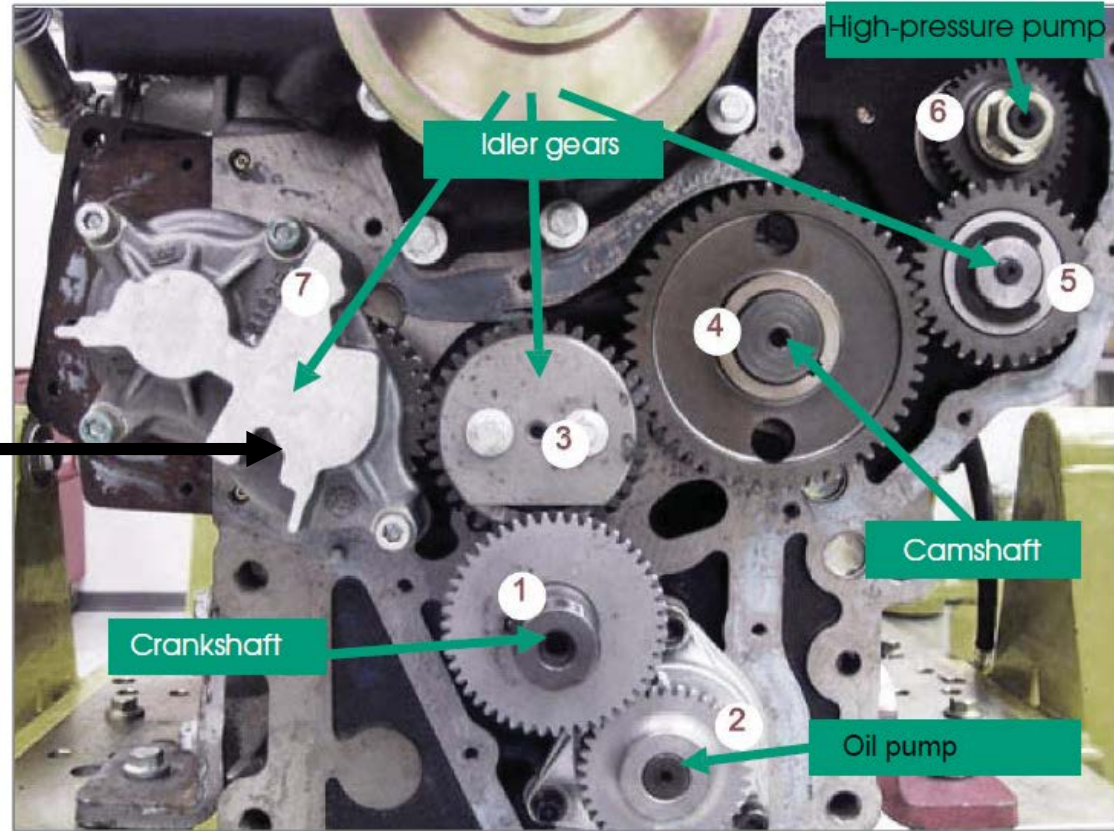
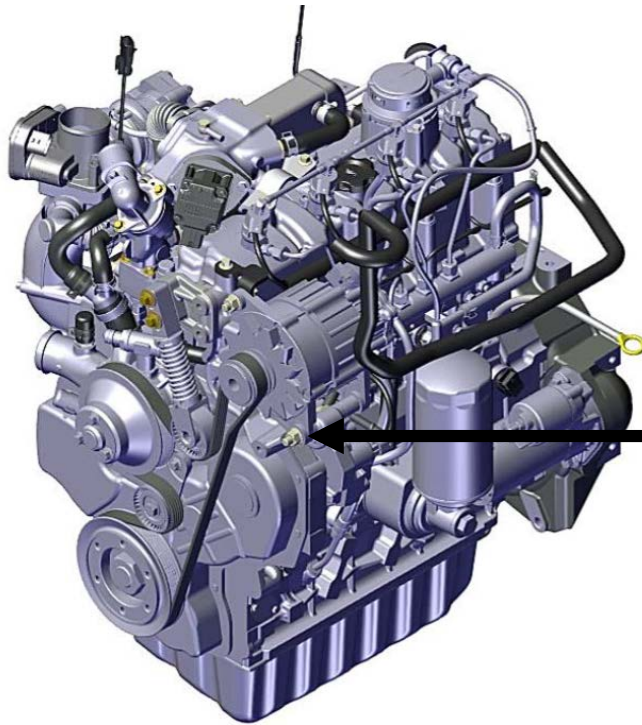
Graphite grease



Pulling procedure according to instructions in the workshop manual.

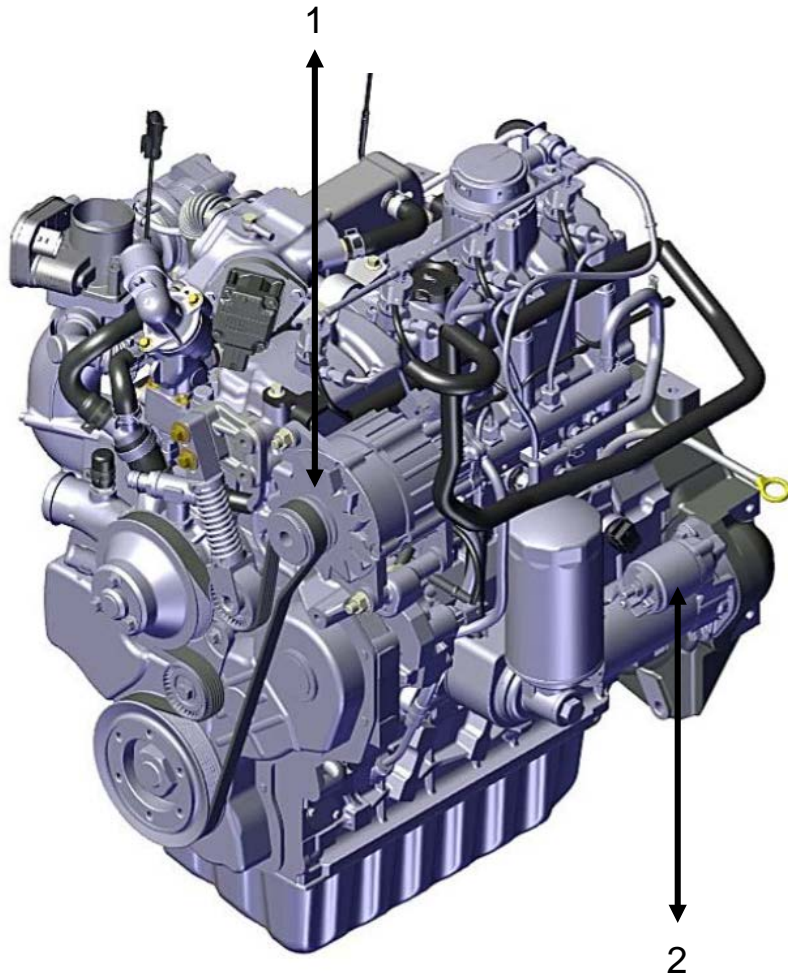


Engine Main Components- Timing






Engine Main Components

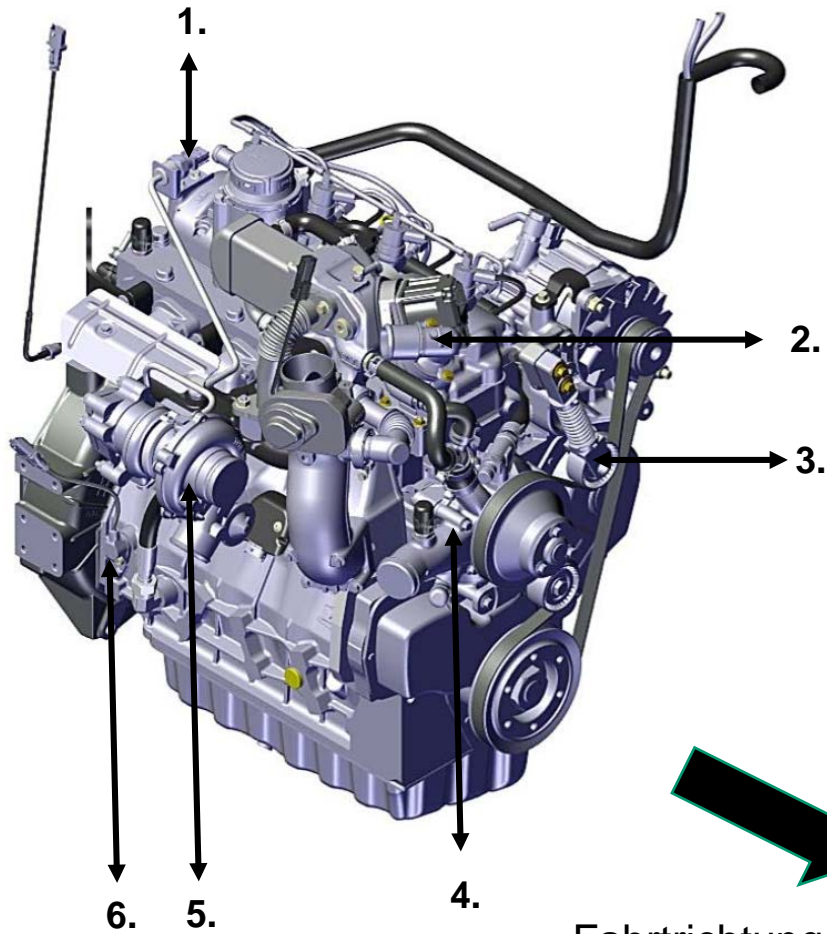


1. Alternator (Generator) **G1**

2. Starter Motor **M1**

 Fahrtrichtung- Driving Direction

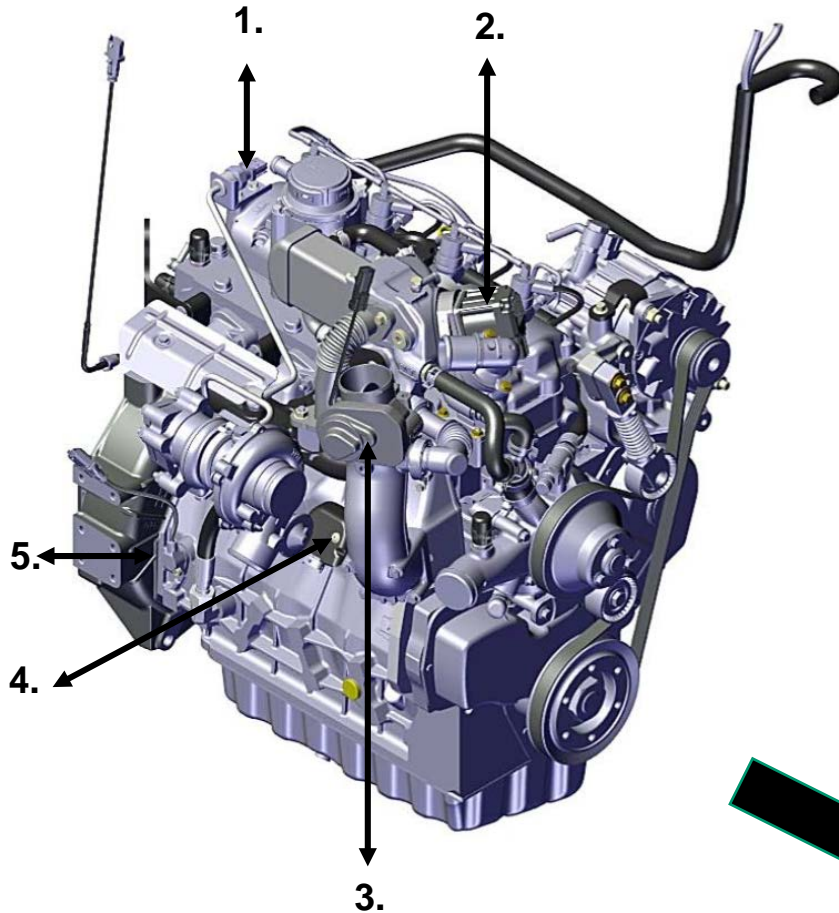
Engine Main Components



- 1. Exhaust pressure sensor P3, [B66](#), [X128](#)
- 2. Thermostat (head)
- 3. Belt Tensioner (Compact)
- 4. Water Pump
- 5. Turbocharger
- 6. Crankshaft sensor [B2](#), [X606](#)

Fahrtrichtung- Driving Direction

### Engine Main Components



1. Exhaust- Gas- Pressure- Sensor P3, B66, X128

2. EGR-Valve (Exhaust- Gas- Recirculation), Y41, X612

3. Throttle Valve, Y42, X613

Note: Dismantle the throttle valve Y42, every 500 operating hours, and clean the throttle valve Y42 with brake cleaner!

4. Charge air pressure + charge air temperature sensor B4, X608

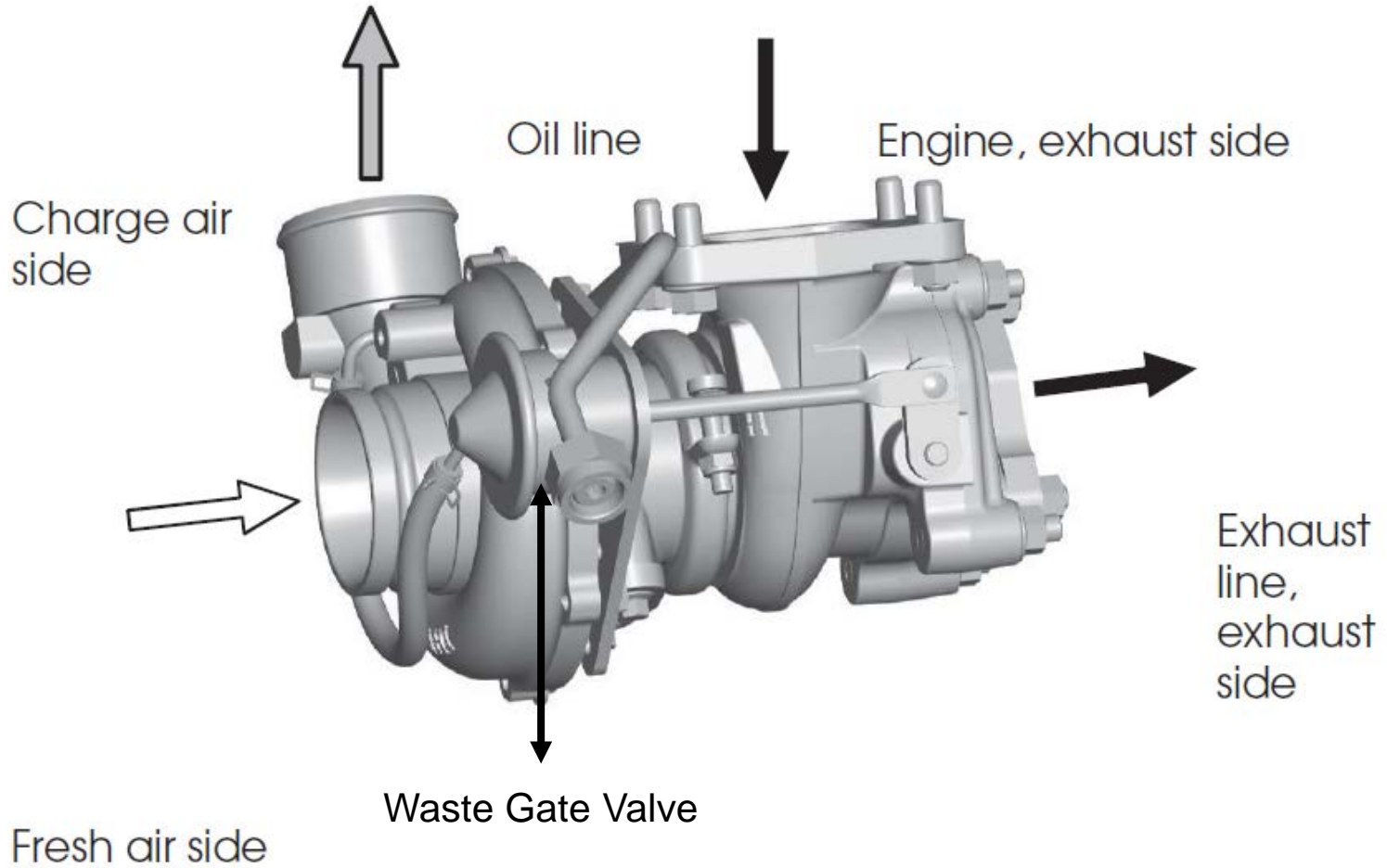
Note: Dismantle Sensor B4, every 500 operating hours, and clean the sensor B4 with brake cleaner!

5. Crankshaft- Sensor, B2, X606

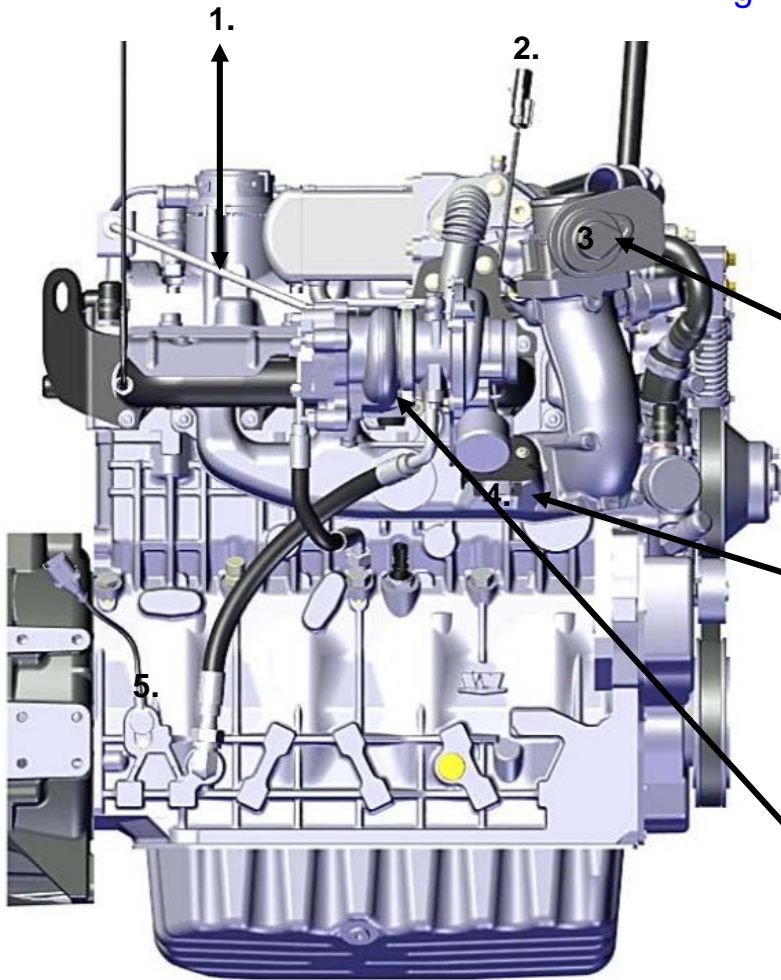
Fahrtrichtung- Driving Direction



Engine Main Components- Turbocharger



Engine Main Components



1. Pipe from Exhaust- Gas- Pressure- Sensor P3, B66, X128

2. Temperature sensor turbocharger OUT X65, X123

3. Throttle Valve, Y42, X613

Note: Dismantle the throttle valve Y42, every 500 operating hours, and clean the throttle valve Y42 with brake cleaner!

4. Charge air pressure + charge air temperature sensor B4, X608

Note: Dismantle Sensor B4, every 500 operating hours, and clean the sensor B4 with brake cleaner!

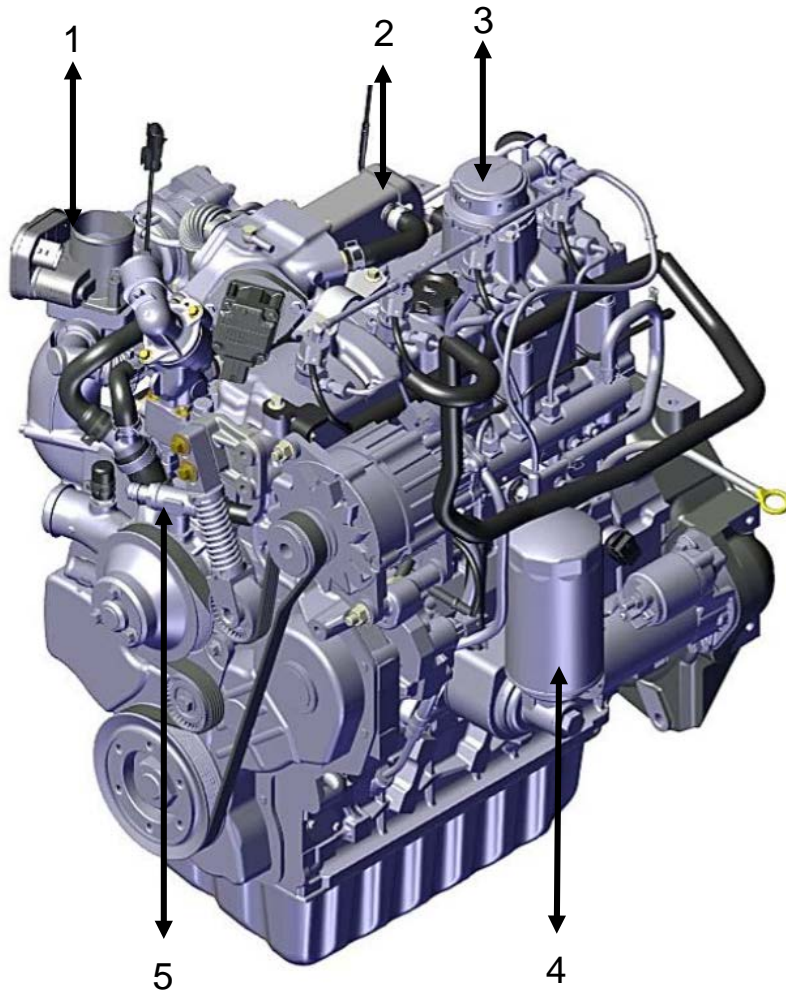
5. Crankshaft- Sensor, B2, X606

6. Temperature sensor B65 at turbocharger



Fahrtrichtung- Driving Direction

### Engine Main Components



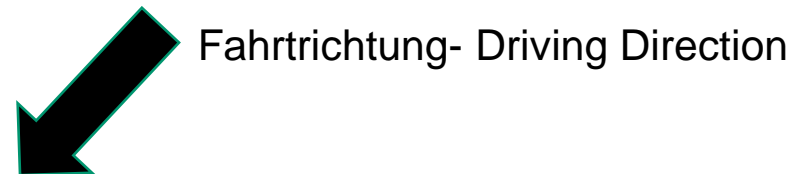
1. Throttle Valve, Y42, X613

2. EGR- Cooler (Exhaust- Gas- Recirculation Cooler)

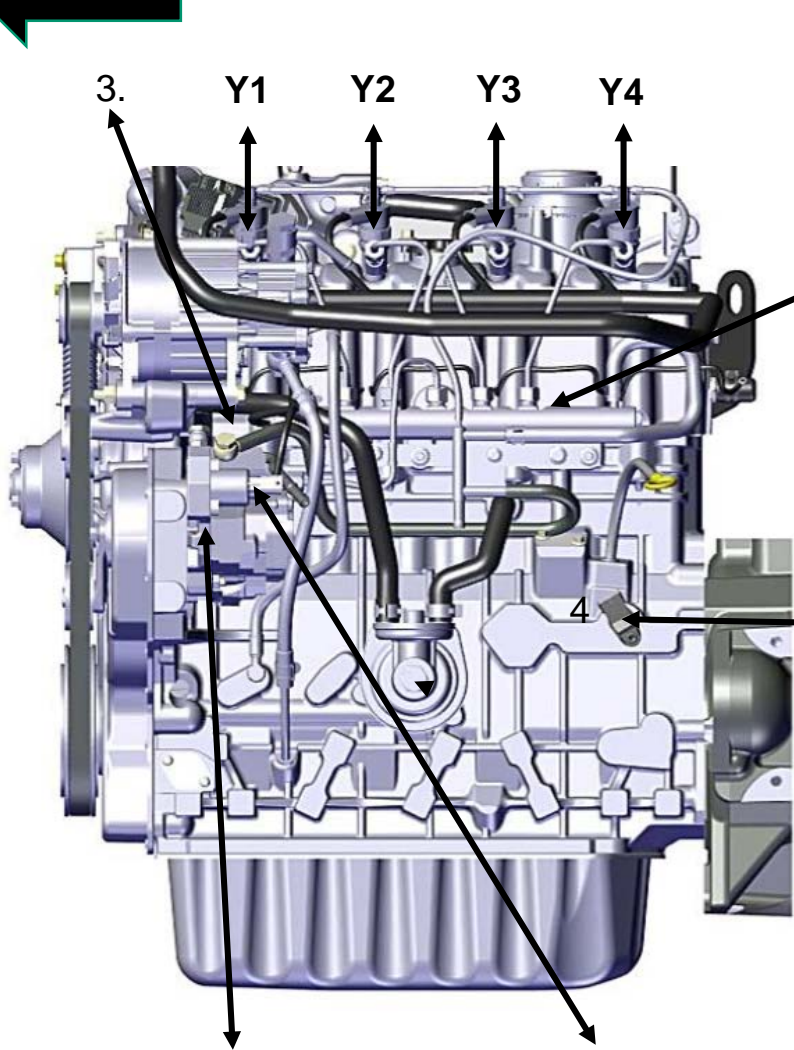
3. Oilseparator (integratet)

4. Engine- Oil- Filter

5. Water temperature sensor (Coolant),  
B5, X609



Engine Main Components



- Y1 Injector Zyl. 1
- Y2 Injector Zyl. 2
- Y3 Injector Zyl. 3
- Y4 Injector Zyl. 4

2. Rail Pipe

3. Rail pressure sensor **B3, X607** at rail pipe

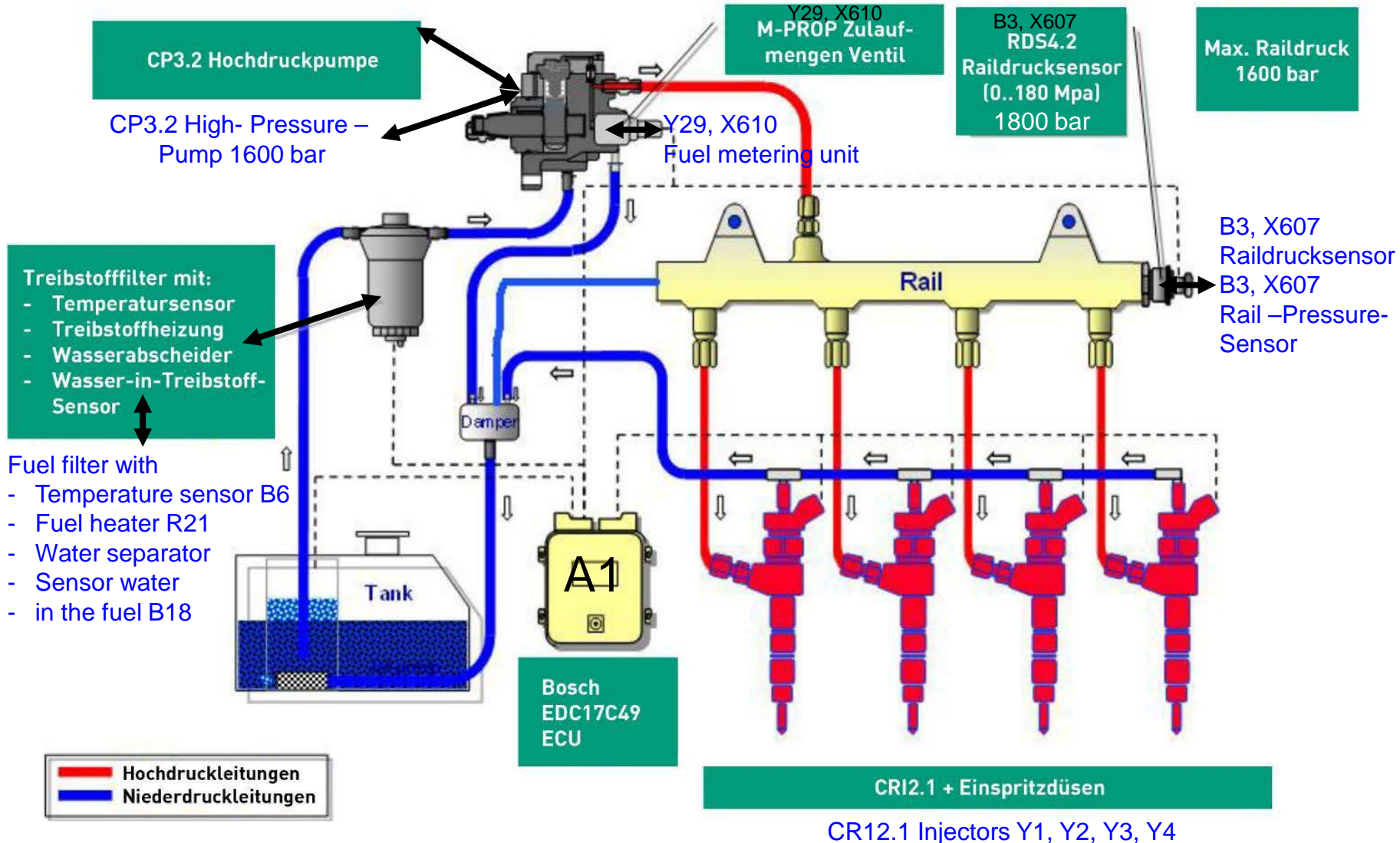
4. Camshaft speed sensor **B1, X605**

CR- High pressure pump

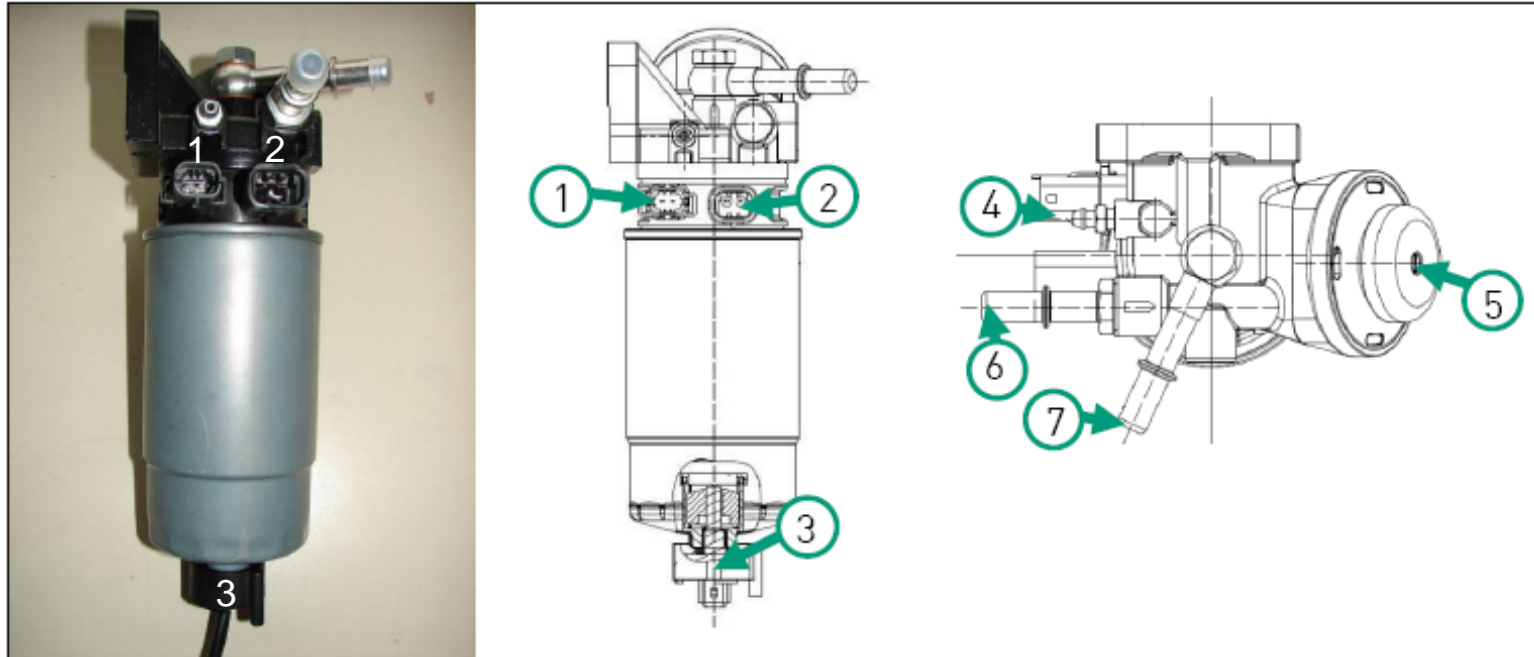
6. Fuel metering unit (valve) **Y29, X610** at high pressure pump



Common- Rail- Injection- System

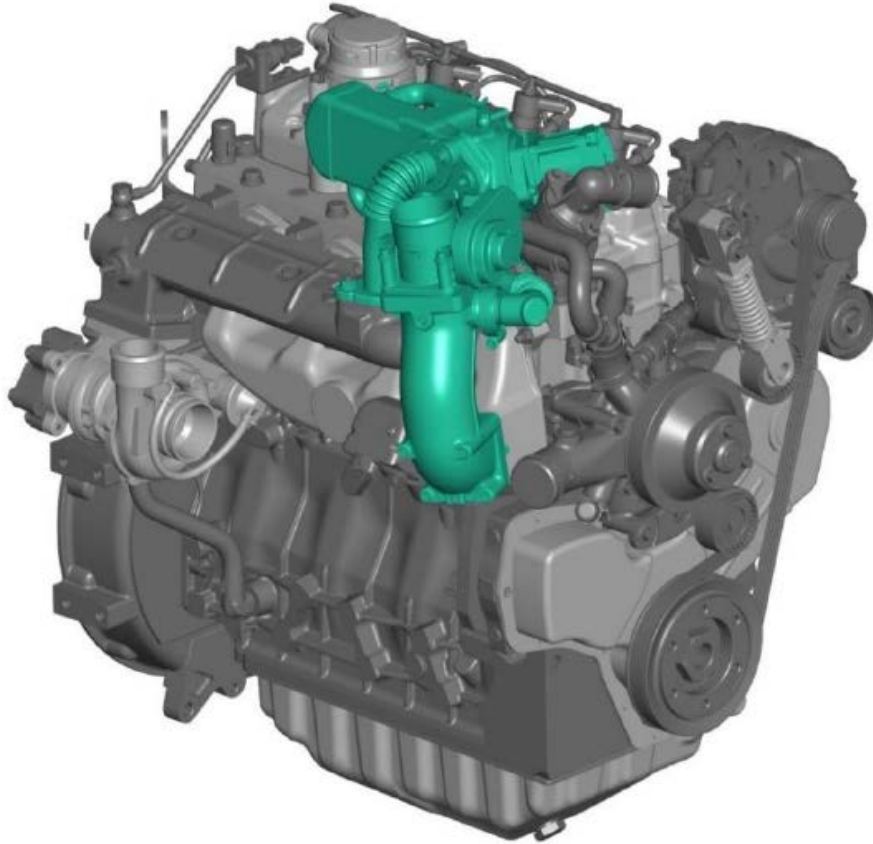


Engine Main Components- Fuel Filter



1. Conector Fuel –Temperature- Sensor [B6, X143](#)
2. Connector Fuel Heater [R21, X144](#)
3. Conector Sensor Water in the Fuel [B18, X145](#)

## Engine Main Components- EGR- System



The EGR system consisting of the EGR valve and EGR cooler routes a part of the exhaust gases back into the intake pipe after cooling.

Via the exhaust gas recirculation (EGR), under partial load operation, a part of the fresh air drawn in is enriched by the cooled exhaust gases and so, the excess oxygen in the cylinders is lowered. This causes a lowering of the combustion temperatures and thus, a lowering of the nitrogen oxide values (NO<sub>x</sub>) in the exhaust gases.

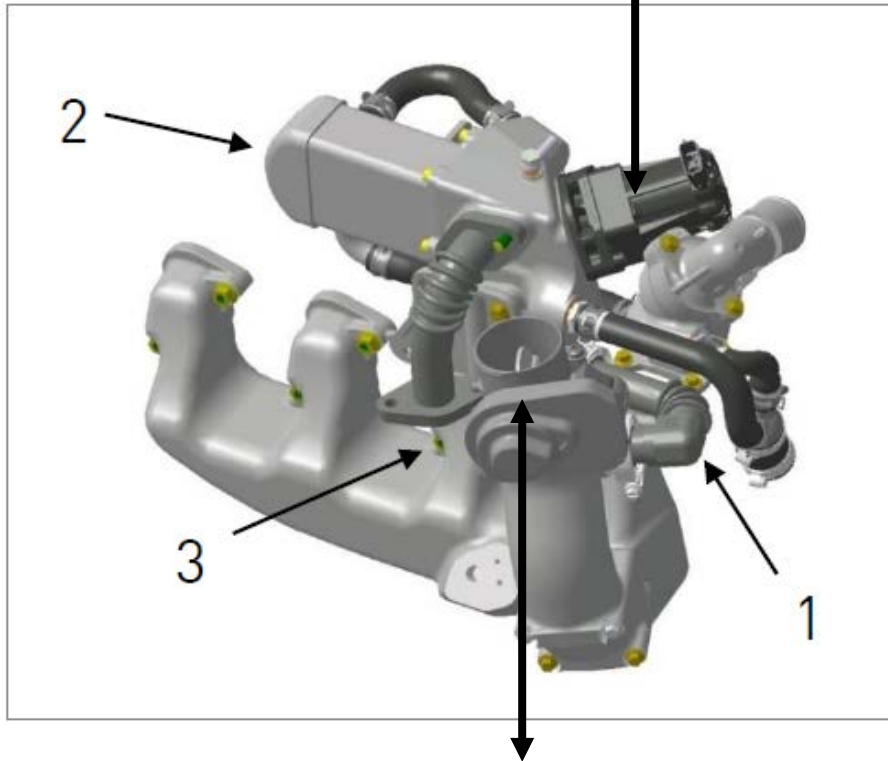
R754EU6

externe gekühlte Abgasrückführung



Engine Main Components- EGR- System

EGR- Valve Y41, X612

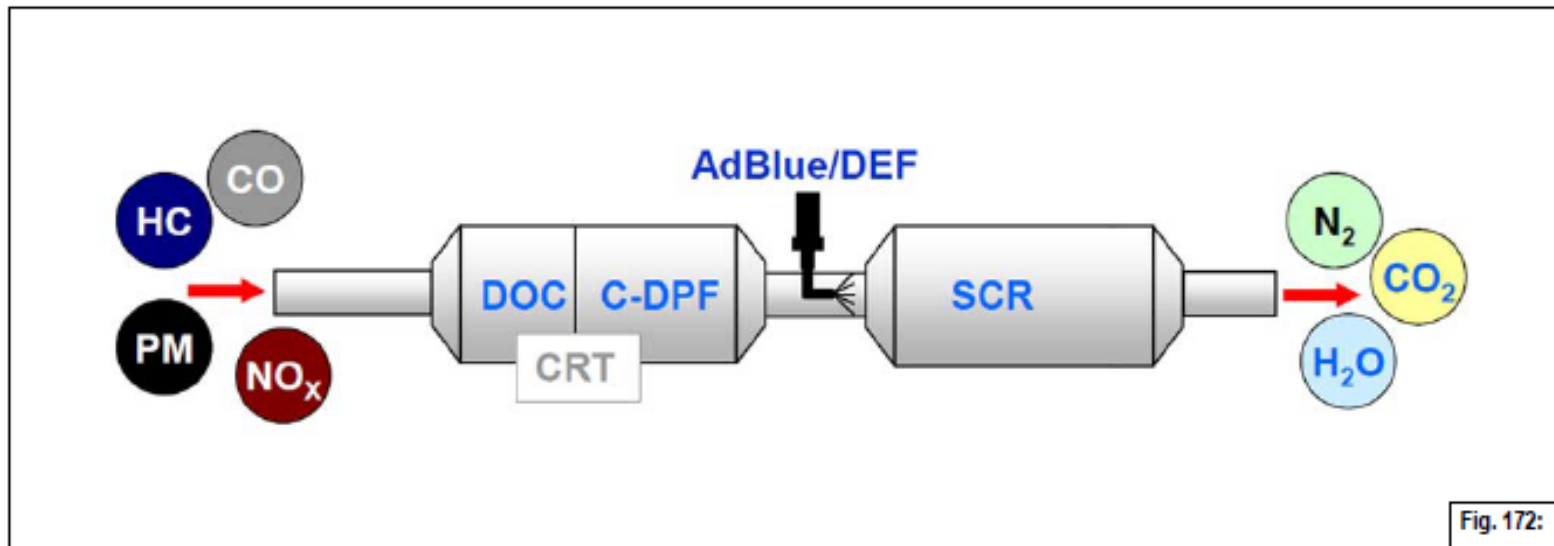


1. Exhaust gas from the exhaust manifold into the exhaust gas recirculation.
2. Cooling of the exhaust gas through the exhaust recirculation cooler.
3. Mixing of cooled exhaust gases with the intake air.

Throttle valve Y42; X613

## Main Components Exhaust System

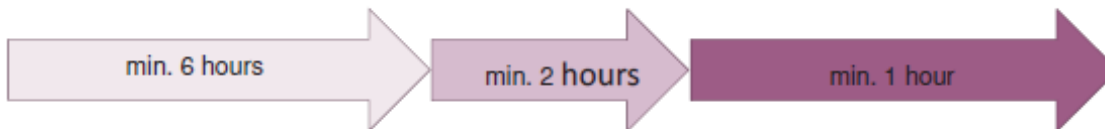
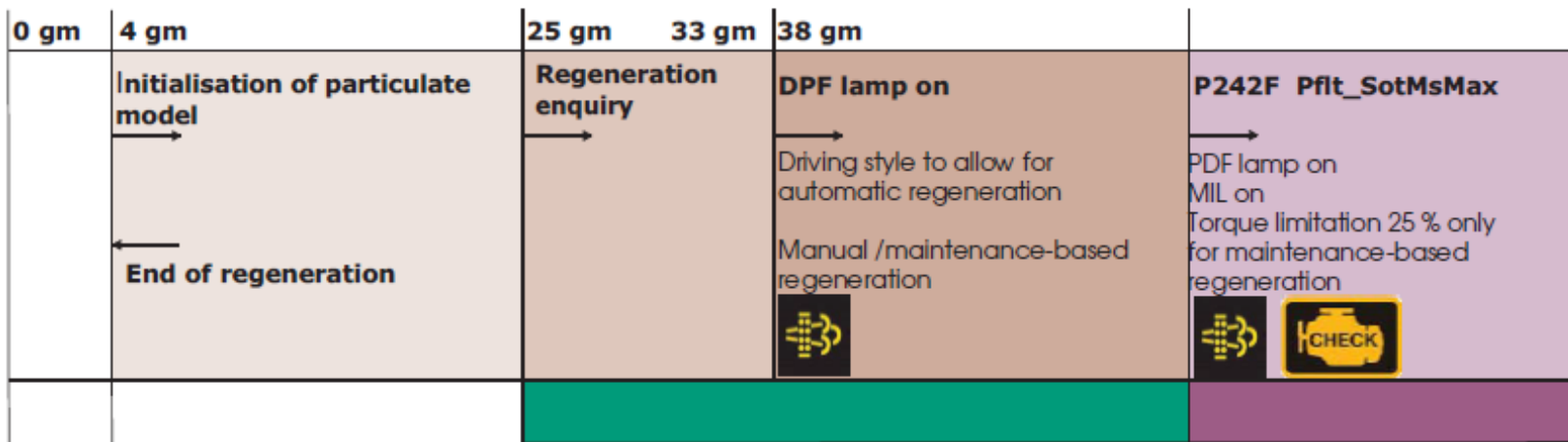
Based on engine operation relevant sensor data, the quantity of the reducing agent is adjusted exactly to the engine operating point and to the catalyst-specific properties for maximum nitric oxide conversion. Since AdBlue freezes below  $-11\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$  the pressure lines and the AdBlue tank are electrically heated using engine coolant.



DOC	Diesel Oxidation Catalyst	SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction
DPF	Diesel Particulate Filter	SCRT	Selective Catalytic Reduction Technology
CRT	Continuously Regenerating Trap	DEF	Diesel Exhaust Fluid

## DPF load limit values


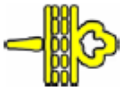

### Particulate mass



## DWS- System- Warning Lights



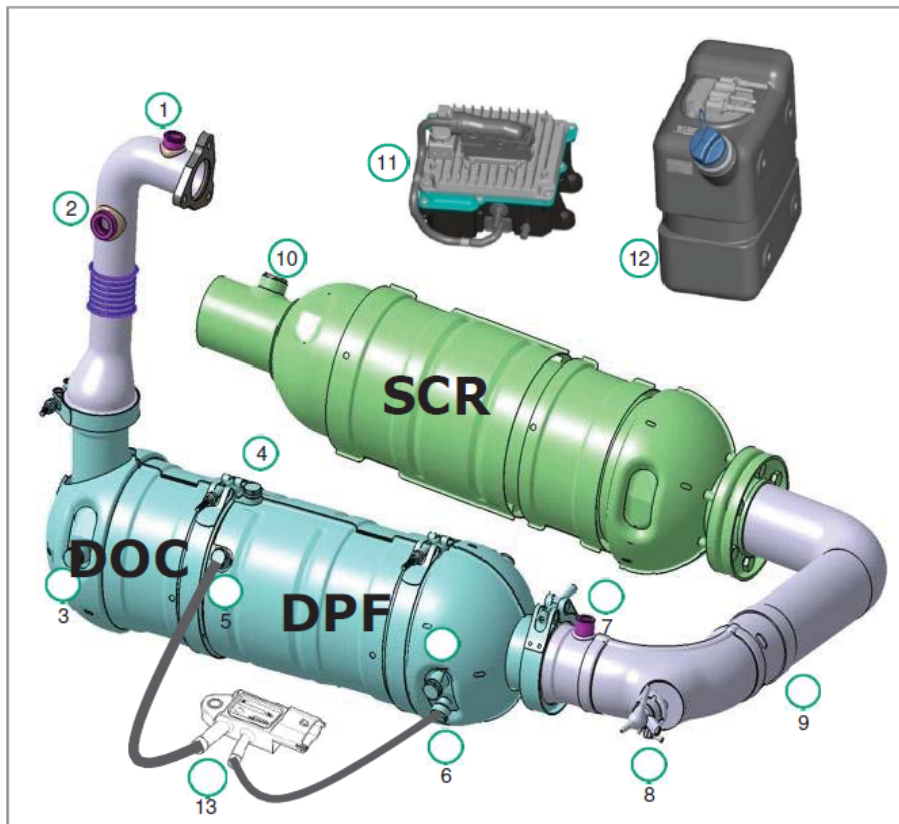
130

Item	Symbol	Colour	Function
130		Yellow	SCR warning light The SCR warning light and the EOBD/MIL light may light up at the same time and indicate whether malfunctions have occurred at the exhaust emission control system that have a direct influence on exhaust gas emissions. For more information – see section "Exhaust gas purification system" on page 3-89.
131		Yellow	Telltale – diesel particle filter If the diesel particle filter telltale lights up in the indicating device, the diesel particle filter has reached a critical load condition and must be regenerated. For more information – see section "Exhaust gas purification system" on page 3-89.
132		Yellow	Warning light – EOBD/MIL (European On-Board Diagnosis) The SCR warning light and the EOBD/MIL light may light up at the same time and indicate whether malfunctions have occurred at the exhaust emission control system that have a direct influence on exhaust gas emissions. For more information – see section "Exhaust gas purification system" on page 3-89.

The **SCR- System** precisely injects a required amount of urea (DEF- AdBlue) into the exhaust system. The injection takes place between the particulate filter and the SCR filter.

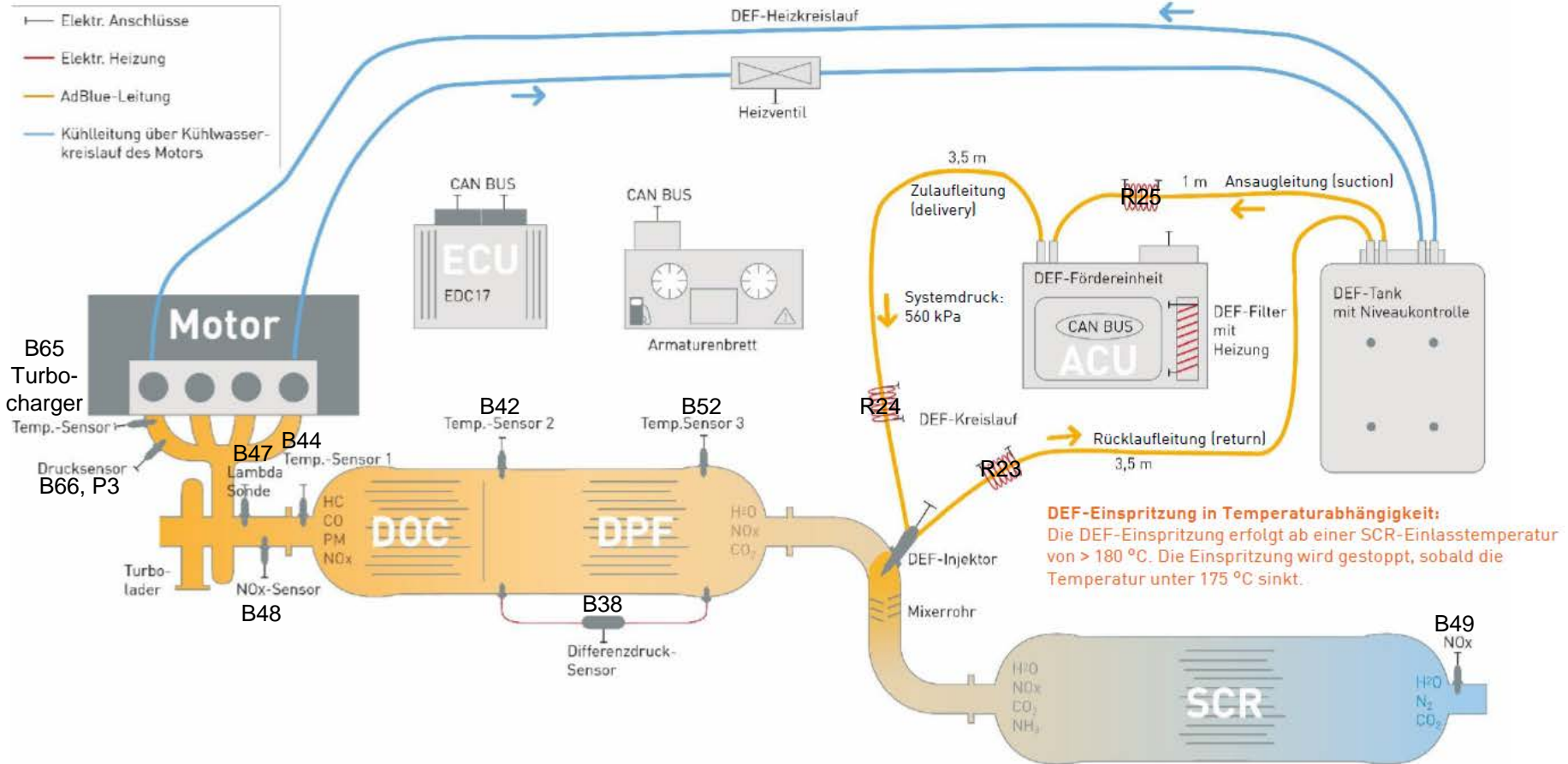
After being injected, the urea vaporises and is converted to ammonia and carbon dioxide. The ammonia (NH<sub>3</sub>) together with the Nox is converted into nitrogen (N<sub>2</sub>) and water (H<sub>2</sub>O) in the catalytic converter. Both resulting chemicals are harmless and are reduced to almost zero.

Mainly, the system consist of: urea tank, tank level sensor and temperature sensor, pump unit, filter, DEF- lines, dosing unit, heater, injection valve, Nox- sensors, control unit and wiring harness.



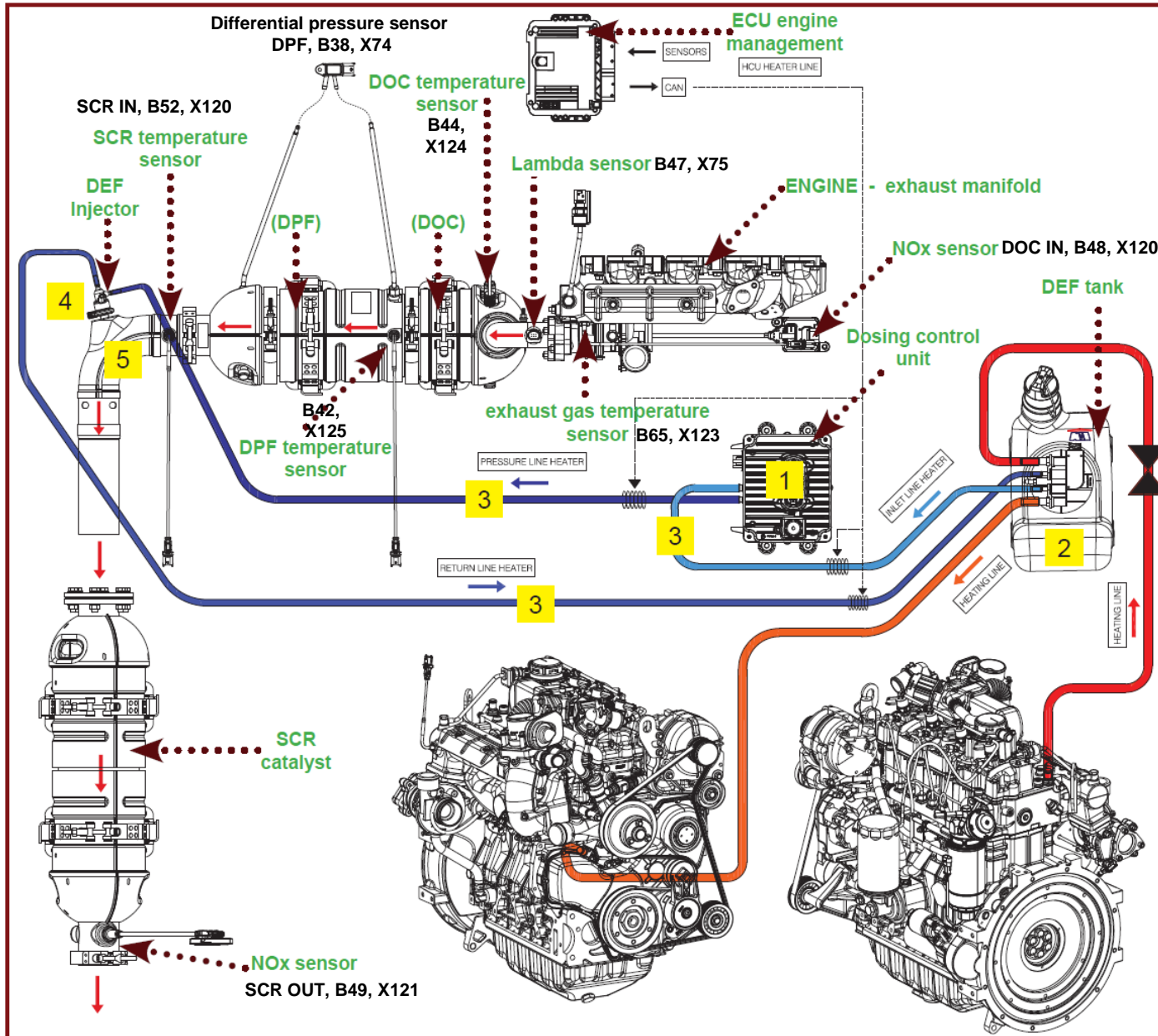
1	Oxygen sensor
2	NOx sensor (in)
3	Temperature sensor DOC in
4	Temperature sensor DPF in
5	Pressure connection DPF in_
6	Pressure connection DPF out
7	Temperature sensor SCR in
8	DEF injector
9	Mixing pipe
10	NOx sensor (out)
11	ACU box
12	DEF tank
13	Differential pressure sensor

Main Components Exhaust- System, DOC, DPF, SCR





VM- Motor R754 EU6  
VM- Engine R754 EU6





## DEF and DWS

What is diesel exhaust fluid (DEF- AdBlue)

DEF is the reactant required for the functioning of the SCR- system. Is is a homogeneous urea water solution (32.5% urea and 67.5% de- mineralised water)

Why must a 32.5% urea solution be used?

The highest reduction rate of Noxis achieved with a 32.5 urea solution, therefore the SCR- sytem is calibrated for that.

The following parameters are checked:

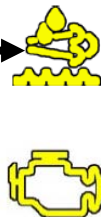
- DEF- AdBlue tank level
- DEF- AdBlue quality
- DEF- AdBlue injection
- DEF- Adblue consumption
- Manipulation at SCR- components

AdBlue-Anzeige





159 DEF- Adblue tank level

160 Warning light DEF- AdBlue filling level (to low), approx 6.5L DEF. **Refill DEF!**  
SCR- warning light. The SCR and EOBD- Mil warning light may light up at the same time  
And indicate whether malfunctions have occurred at the exhaust emission control system  
that have direct influence on exhaust gas emission.



## Driver warning and request system

Level of the request	Effect	Error detection	Cause	Warning symbol		Measure
				SCR warning light	EOBD/MIL	
				 yellow	 yellow	
<b>Low reagent level</b>						
Without	None		Reagent level >8.8 %	off	off	
Driver warning	None		Reagent level < 8.8 %	on	off	Top up approx. 12 l
Strong request	Max. driving speed 20 km/h		Reagent level 0 %	Flashing 2 Hz	on	Top up approx. 15 l
<b>Insufficient reagent quality</b>						
Without	None	No error	Reagent concentration OK	off	off	
Driver warning	None	Error acknowledged and active	Insufficient reagent concentration	on	on	Seek assistance from an authorised workshop.
Weak request	25 % Engine torque reduction	Error was not eliminated within 10 h (Activation during engine operation and gradual reduction)		Flashing 1 Hz	on	
Strong request	Max. driving speed 20 km/h	Error was not eliminated within 20 h (active after ignition off + approx. 60 s)		Flashing 2 Hz	on	
<b>Reagent consumption too low</b>						
Without	None	No error	Dosage OK	off	off	
Driver warning	None	Error acknowledged and active	Interruption of reagent supply	on	on	Seek assistance from an authorised workshop.
Weak request	25 % Engine torque reduction	Error was not eliminated within 10 h (Activation during engine operation and gradual reduction)		Flashing 1 Hz	on	
Strong request	Max. driving speed 20 km/h	Error was not eliminated within 20 h (active after ignition off + approx. 60 s)		Flashing 2 Hz	on	
<b>Malfunction of the exhaust gas after-treatment system, possibly due to unauthorised intervention (manipulation)</b>						
Without	None	No error	Exhaust gas after-treatment OK	off	off	
Driver warning	None	Error acknowledged and active	Electrical fault (component – especially sensor monitoring, possibly due to unauthorised intervention) Fault of the AGR system function	on	on	Seek assistance from an authorised workshop.
Weak request	25 % Engine torque reduction	Error was not eliminated within 36 h (Activation during engine operation and gradual reduction)		Flashing 1 Hz	on	
Strong request	Max. driving speed 20 km/h	Error was not eliminated within 100 h (active after ignition off + approx. 60 s)		Flashing 2 Hz	on	

Faults in the DEF- Adblue system by filling with incorrect operating fluids:

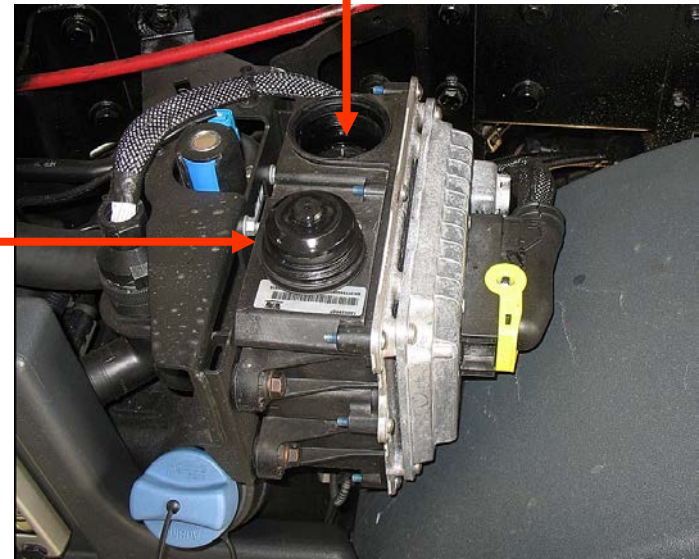
When the DEF Adblue tank has been filled with water, the system can be cleaned and refilled with DEF- AdBlue  
 As soon as the DEF- AdBlue concentration is normal again, the system will work again without problems.

If other fluids are filled in the DEF-Tank, replace all component of the SCR- system!  
 (diesel, biodiesel, engine oil, hydraulic oil, engine coolant, windscreen cleaner)

Fluid	Injection nozzle	FDS box	DEF tank Assembly	DEF lines
Water	No exchange	No exchange	Empty and fill with DEF	No exchange
Diesel	Replace components	Replace components	Empty tank and rinse, replace DEF box	Replace components
Biodiesel (B20)	Replace components	Replace components	Empty tank and rinse, replace DEF box	Replace components
Engine oil	Replace components	Replace components	Empty tank and rinse, replace DEF box	Replace components
Hydraulic oil	Replace components	Replace components	Empty tank and rinse, replace DEF box	Replace components
Ethylene glycol	Replace components	Replace components	Empty system and rinse	Replace components
Windscreen water	Empty and rinse	Replace components	Empty system and rinse	Replace components

DEF(AdBlue)Supply- Unit with control unit A18, Emmission Stage Euro 6A  
(PN 48601620025E)

Replace AdBluefilter (SCR- Filter) every 1000 Bh operating hours  
(PN 48608160003)



VM- Motor R754 EU6  
VM- Engine R754 EU6

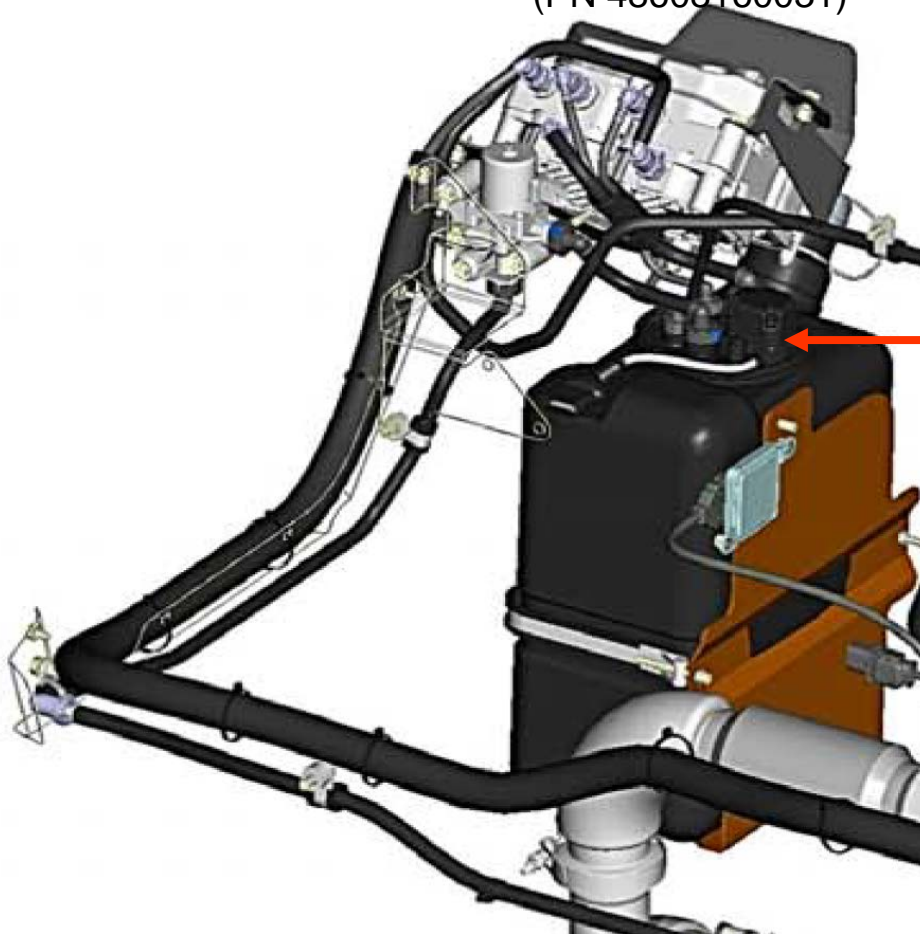


New DEF- Supply- Unit(AdBlue) with control unit A18, Emission Stage Euro 6C

(PN 48601620042E, Supplier Bosch)

Replace AdBluefilter (SCR- Filter) every 1000 Bh operating hours

(PN 48608160031)



AdBlue Sensor B62, X316  
für  
Adblue Füllstand,  
AdBlue Temperatur  
und  
AdBlue Qualität

AdBlue- Sensor B62, X316  
For AdBlue Level  
AdBlue Temperture  
and  
AdBlue (DEF) Quality



Electrical components exhaust system

Temperatursensor am Abgasturbolader, B65, X123

Sicht von unten:

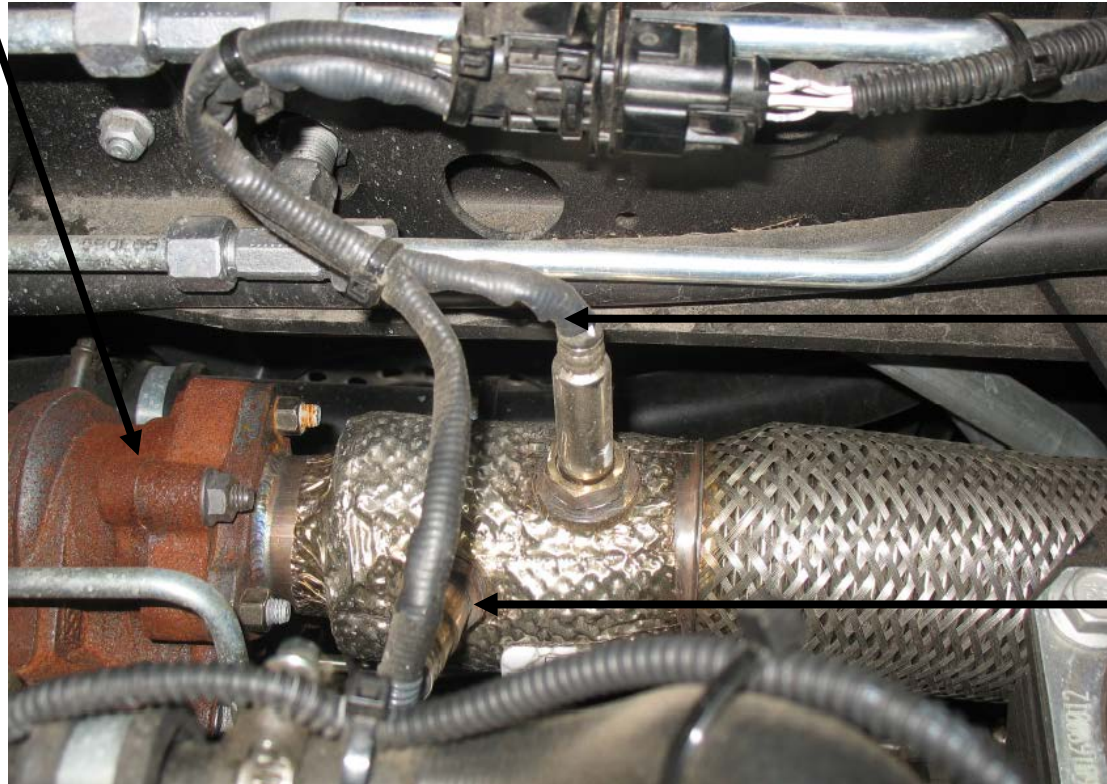
Exhaust pressure sensor at turbo charger, B65, X123

View from down side:



Elektrische Bauteile Abgassystem- Electrical components exhaust system

Turbolader  
Turbocharger

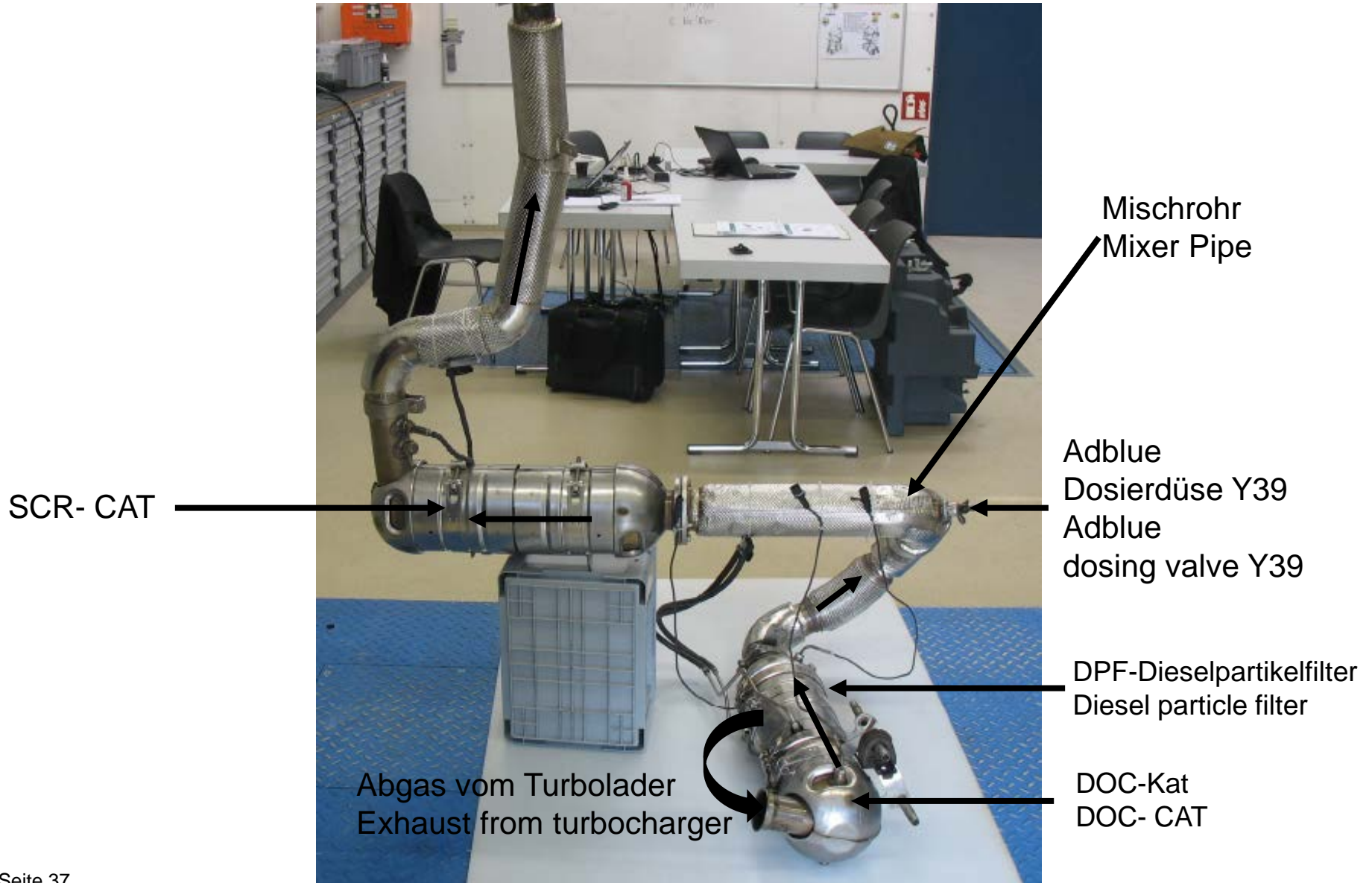


NOx Sensor  
DOC IN  
B48, X120  
Nox – sensor  
DOC IN

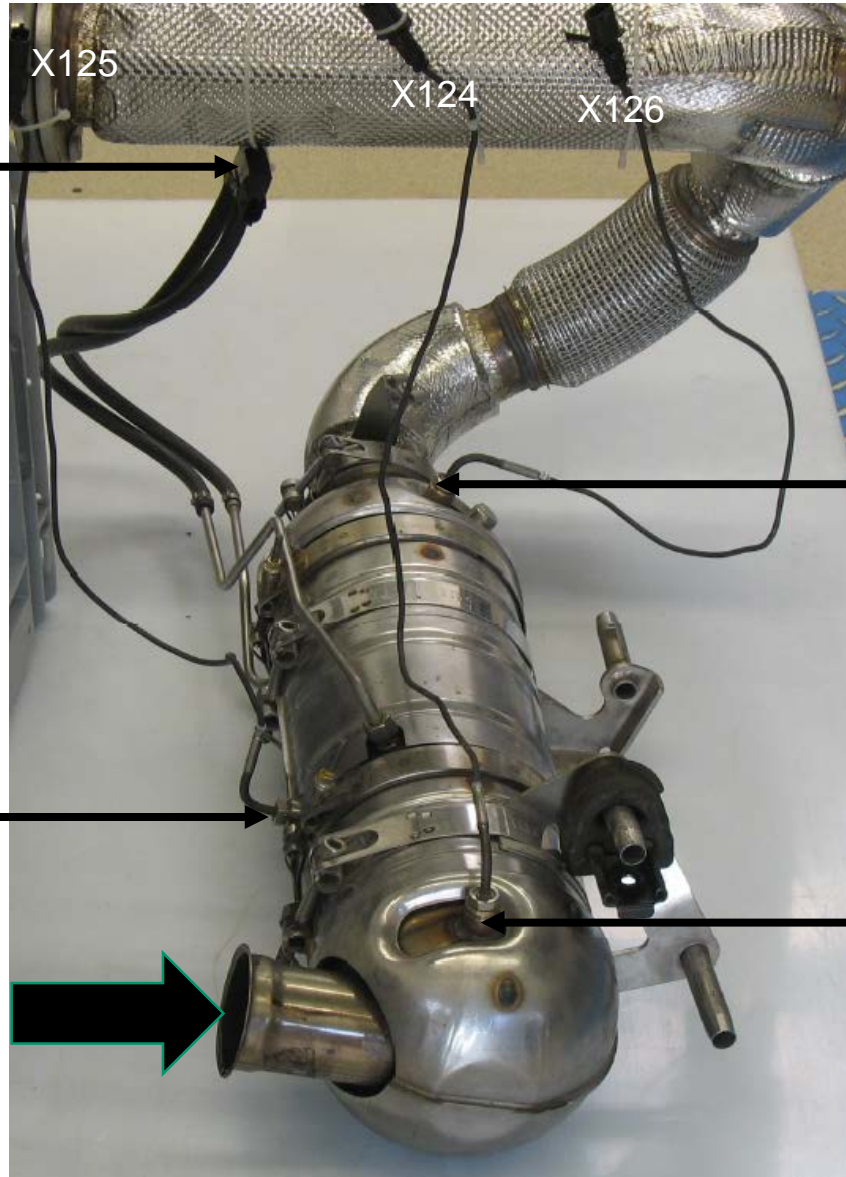
Lambdasonde  
Lambda – Sensor,  
B47, X75



Electrical components exhaust system



Electrical components exhaust system



Differenzdruckgeber  
DPF B38, X74  
Differential pressure  
sensor DPF B38, X74

Temperatursensor,  
SCR- Kat IN B52, X126  
Temperature sensor  
SCR- CAT IN B52, X126

Temperatursensor,  
DPF IN  
Temperature sensor,  
DPF IN, B42 X125

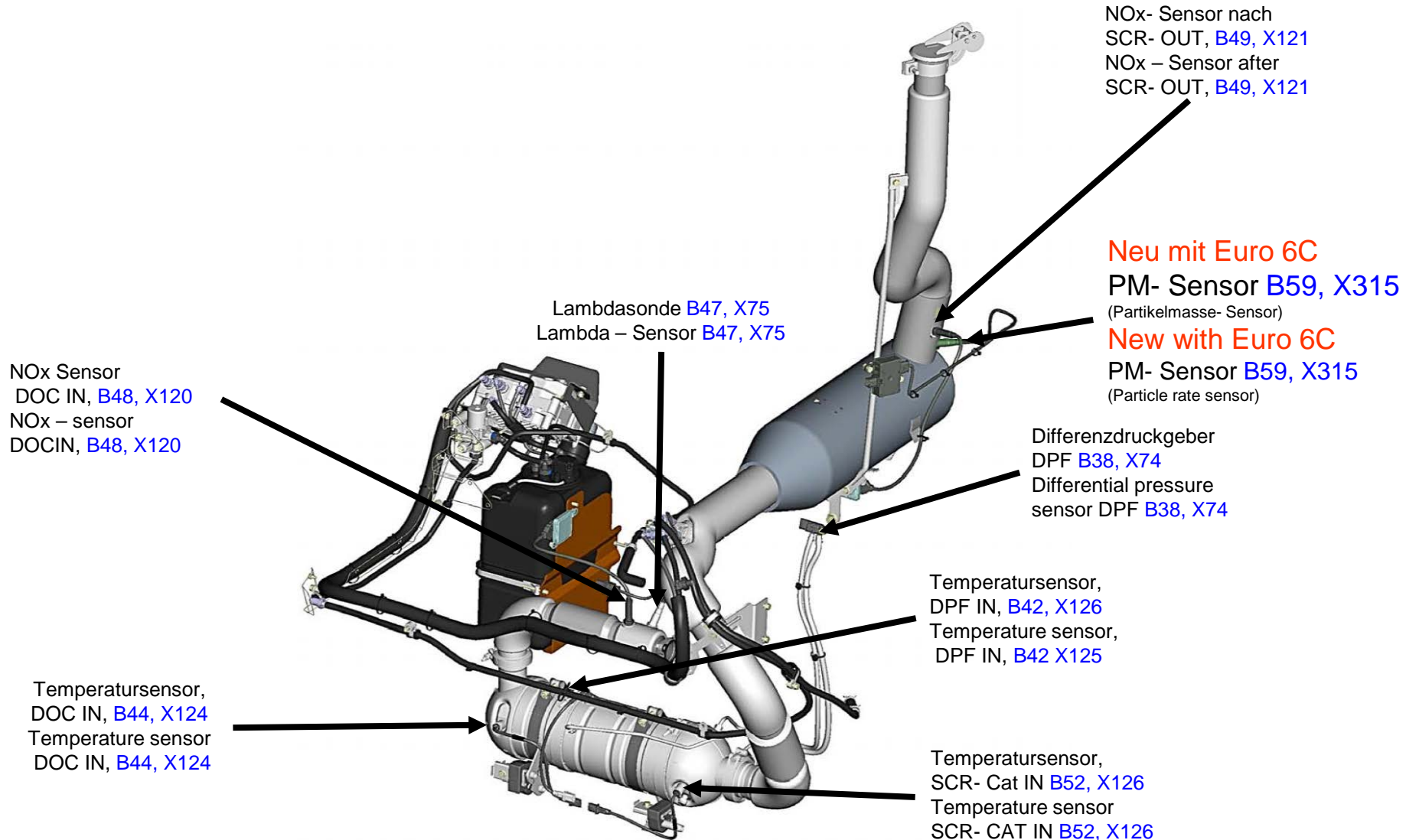
Temperatursensor,  
DOC IN, B44, X124  
Temperature sensor,  
DOC IN, B44, X124

Abgas vom Turbolader  
Exhaust from Turbocharger

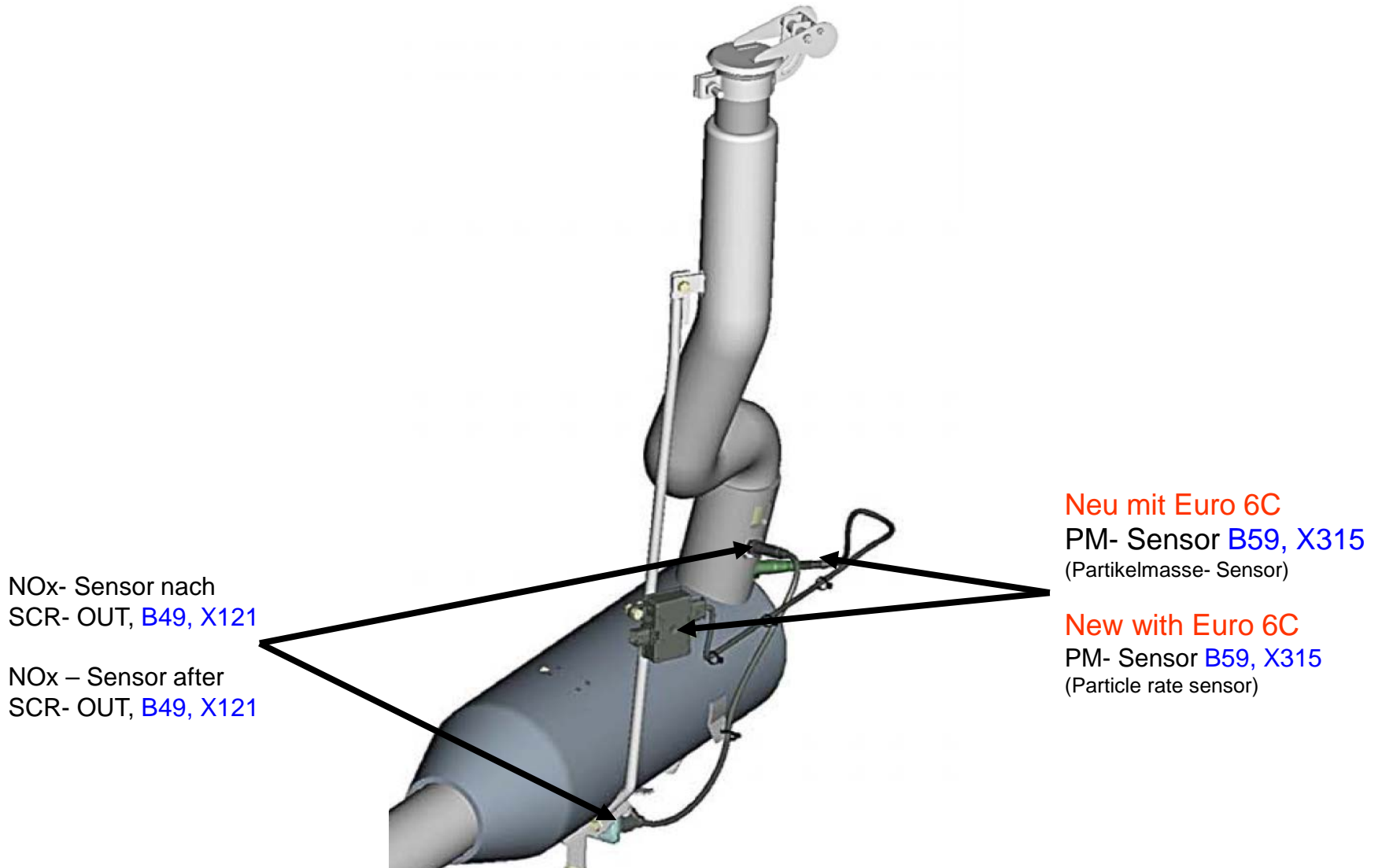
VM- Motor R754 EU6  
VM- Engine R754 EU6



Electrical components exhaust system

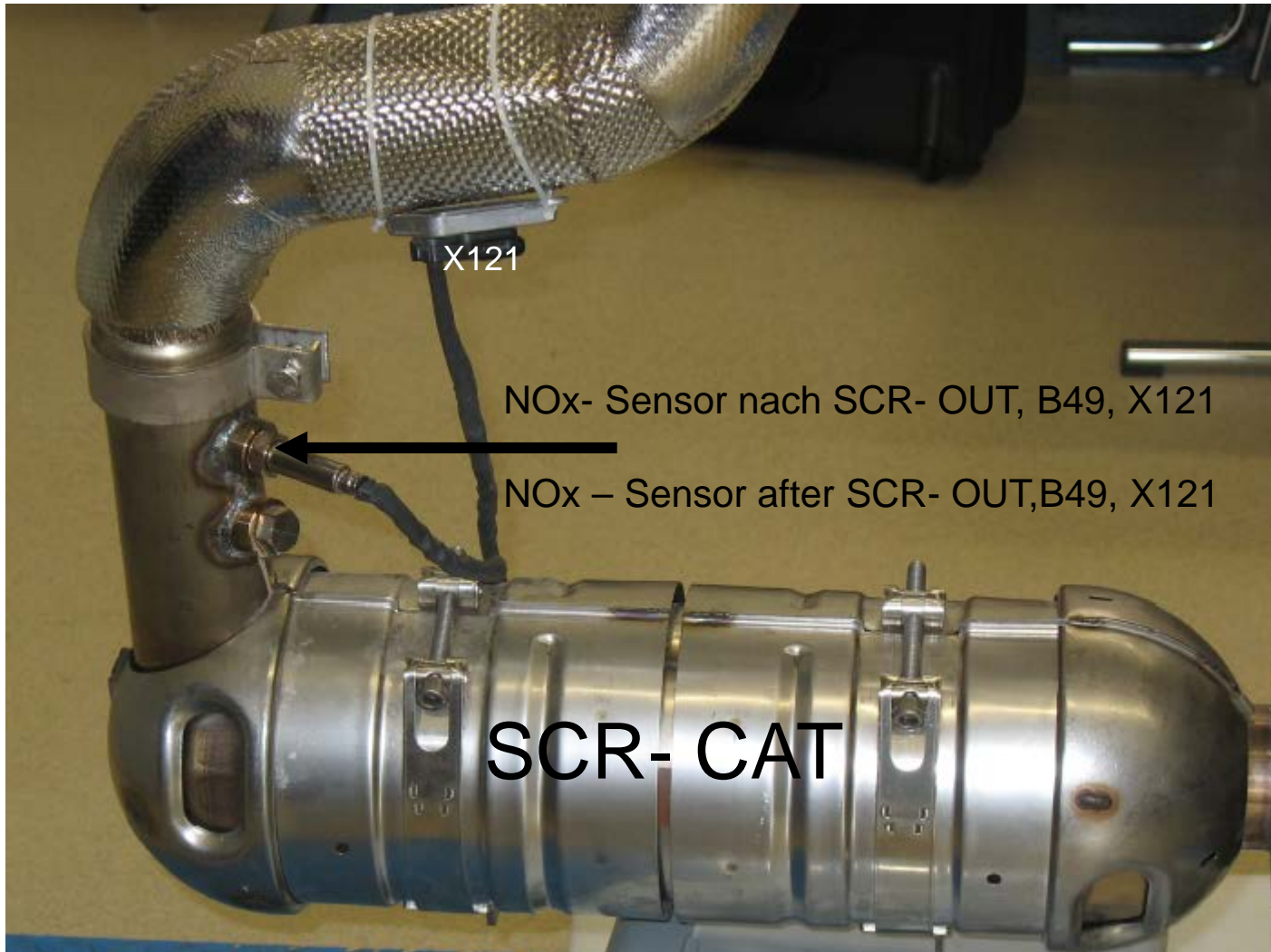


Electrical components exhaust system





Electrical components exhaust system

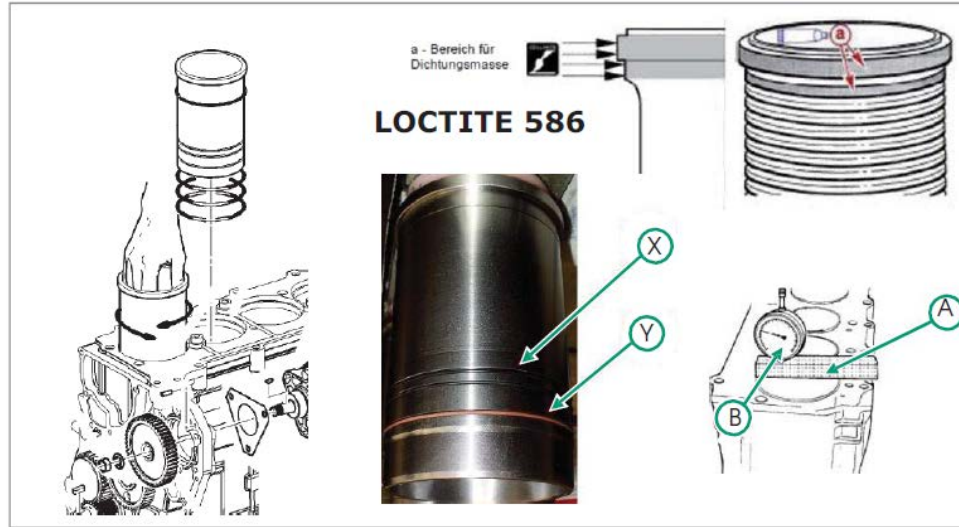




VM- Motor R754 EU6  
VM- Engine R754 EU6



Loctice fluid gaskets



Loctite 586 cylinder gasket

Loctite 510 screws and crankshaft sealing

Loctite 601 Loctite 601 cures when confines in the absense of air between close fitting metal surfaces

Loctite 5399 engine oil pan

Please observe: A systematic procedure for troubleshooting is absolutely necessary! Despite the electronics and increasing complexity, never forget the basic principle of a diesel engine!

Please observe the following basics of troubleshooting and fault removal:

Prior to commencing work, make sure all engine/vehicle fluids have been refuelled (diesel, engine oil, engine coolant, DEF AdBlue). If necessary, top up the engine/vehicle fluids. If the engine/vehicle fluids are contaminated, take a sample and send it in for examination.

Check the fuel filter and the air filter for contamination and damage.

In case of error messages from the engine control unit, check whether fuses are defective, need to be replaced or are missing.

Check the battery voltage in case of error messages from the engine control unit that occur when starting the engine (errors in the power supply of the control units, CAN bus error). The battery is discharged or defective.

**Note:** If the battery voltage is too low (battery discharged), other control units (e.g. control unit work hydraulics, control unit hydrostat) also often register CAN bus errors or errors in the power supply of the control units.

If the battery is charged and the voltage does not drop at the battery during start-up, check the earth connections (earthing points at the battery and on the vehicle frame) for poor contact and loose cable connections.

Check the battery / plus supply (B+) for the engine control unit (fuses, relays, cable connections, contacts, plugs).

**Note:** In case of errors in the ground supply, other control units (e.g. control unit work hydraulics, control unit hydrostat) also often register CAN bus errors or errors in the power supply of the control units.

To provide you with further support, we require the following information from you via e-mail:

1. Vehicle identification number (vehicle chassis number)
2. Engine number
3. Operating hours/km of the vehicle
4. Error description of the engine fault (vehicle does not start, sputtering, no power, white smoke, black smoke, blue smoke).
5. Do telltales light up that indicate an engine fault?
6. Which telltales light up (EOBD/MIL, DPF, SCR system)?
7. Has the engine error memory been read out using the VM diagnostics program?
8. If yes, which error numbers (P code, DTC error) were displayed? Please save the error log and send it to the Hako customer service at [cbuesing@hako.com](mailto:cbuesing@hako.com) or [kschudlik@hako.com](mailto:kschudlik@hako.com). Please do not send any screenshots of the laptop but the complete log (log file).
9. Which components have already been checked?
10. Which components have already been replaced?